

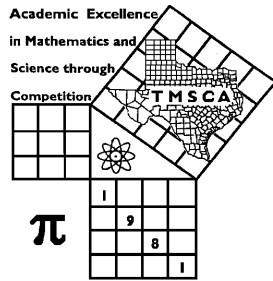
8 1st Score: _____	2nd Score: _____	3rd Score: _____	_____. ____ <b>Final Score</b>
S & G _____	S & G _____	S & G _____	
Grader: _____	Grader: _____	Grader: _____	

## PLACE LABEL BELOW

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ School: \_\_\_\_\_

SS/ID Number: \_\_\_\_\_ City: \_\_\_\_\_

Grade: 5 6 7 8 Classification: 1A 2A 3A 4A 5A 6A



## TMSCA MIDDLE SCHOOL CALCULATOR

TEST # 6 ©

DECEMBER 2, 2017

### GENERAL DIRECTIONS

I. About this test:

- A. You will be given 30 minutes to take this test.
- B. There are 80 problems on this test.

II. How to write the answers:

- A. For all problems except stated problem as noted below write three significant digits.
  1. Examples (\* means correct, but not recommended)  
 Correct: 12.3, 123, 123.\*, 1.23x10\*, 1.23x10<sup>0\*</sup>, 1.23x10<sup>1</sup>, 1.23x10<sup>01</sup>, .0190, 1.90x10<sup>-2</sup>  
 Incorrect: 12.30, 123.0, 1.23(10)<sup>2</sup>, 1.23·10<sup>2</sup>, 1.230x10<sup>2</sup>, 1.23\*10<sup>2</sup>, 0.19, 1.9x10<sup>-2</sup>, 19.0x10<sup>-3</sup>, 1.90E-02
  2. Plus or minus one digit error in the third significant digit is permitted.
- B. For stated problems:
  1. Except for integer, dollar sign, and significant digit problems, as detailed below, answers to stated problems should be written with three significant digits.
  2. Integer problems are indicated by (integer) in the answer blank. Integer problems answers must be exact, no plus or minus one digit, no decimal point or scientific notation.
  3. Dollar sign (\$) problems should be answered to the exact cent, but plus or minus one cent error is permitted. The decimal point and cents are required for exact dollar answers.

III. Some symbols used on the test.

- A. Angle measure: rad means radians; deg means degrees.
- B. Inverse trigonometric functions: arcsin for inverse sine, etc.
- C. Special numbers:  $\pi$  for 3.14159 . . . ; e for 2.71828.
- D. Logarithms: Log means common (base 10); Ln means natural (base e).

IV. Scoring:

- A. All problems answered correctly are worth FIVE points. FOUR points will be deducted for all problems answered incorrectly or skipped before the last problem attempted.

**2017-2018 TMSCA Middle School Calculator Test 6**

1.  $1120 + 662$  ----- 1= \_\_\_\_\_

2.  $3.6 + 3.1 + 4.4$  ----- 2= \_\_\_\_\_

3.  $1050 - 4780 - 1240$  ----- 3= \_\_\_\_\_

4.  $\pi + 2 + 11 + 5$  ----- 4= \_\_\_\_\_

5.  $294 - 244 + 107 - 354$  ----- 5= \_\_\_\_\_

6.  $42.7 + 61.2 - 86.3 - 184 + 104$  ----- 6= \_\_\_\_\_

7.  $3.62 + 3.54 - 5.73 + 1.47 + 1.16$  ----- 7= \_\_\_\_\_

8.  $-2.74 + \pi + 4.29 + 1.42 + 3.41$  ----- 8= \_\_\_\_\_

9.  $220 \times 18 \times 543$  ----- 9= \_\_\_\_\_

10.  $2140 \times 1030 \times 441 \times 63.5$  ----- 10= \_\_\_\_\_

11. Calculate the median of the following list of numbers.  
 $72, 5, 22, 5\pi, 8, 13, 52, 101$  ----- 11= \_\_\_\_\_

12. A five gallon bucket is three-eighths full. Calculate the number of ounces in the bucket. ----- 12= \_\_\_\_\_ oz.

13. Four of the five angles in a pentagon measure  $62^\circ, 35^\circ, 78^\circ,$  and  $112^\circ$ . Calculate the measure of the fifth angle. ----- 13= \_\_\_\_\_ INT. $^\circ$

14.  $(-266/156)[289 - 137]$  ----- 14= \_\_\_\_\_

15.  $(590)[369 \times 644 \times 532]$  ----- 15= \_\_\_\_\_

16.  $\{(-206)(205 - 202)(88)\} - 6470$  ----- 16= \_\_\_\_\_

17.  $\{-123/66\} \left[ \frac{196}{232 + 192} \right]$  ----- 17= \_\_\_\_\_

18.  $\frac{[0.0201/(0.0325)]/0.0965}{(\pi \times 1.48)(2.53)}$  ----- 18= \_\_\_\_\_

19.  $\left[ \frac{(370/292) - (1330/161)}{1.52/0.582} \right]$  ----- 19= \_\_\_\_\_

20.  $(202)[115/129 \times 55/17] - 347$  ----- 20= \_\_\_\_\_

21.  $\frac{34}{(65 - 55)} - \frac{(54 - 80)}{103}$  ----- 21= \_\_\_\_\_

22.  $\left[ \frac{1040 + 455}{750 - 137} \right] \left[ \frac{556}{111} \right]$  ----- 22= \_\_\_\_\_

23.  $\frac{(839 \times 162)/848}{(916 \times 1.22 \times 10^{-4}) + 0.0359}$  ----- 23= \_\_\_\_\_

24. The ratio of crickets to cockroaches is 17 to 24. If there are a total of 738 crickets and cockroaches, calculate the number of crickets. ----- 24= \_\_\_\_\_ INT.

25. Calculate the product of the Least Common Multiple and Greatest Common Divisor of 222 and 32. ----- 25= \_\_\_\_\_

26. Amount 1 is 22% less than Amount 2 and Amount 2 is 35% less than Amount 3. Calculate what percent less Amount 1 is less than Amount 3. ----- 26= \_\_\_\_\_ %

27.  $\frac{(0.277 - 0.894)(0.0107 + 0.0138)}{(9.46 \times 10^{10})}$  ----- 27= \_\_\_\_\_

28.  $\frac{(45.8 + 70.9)(2.49 + 2.12)}{(1.15 \times 10^{12})}$  ----- 28= \_\_\_\_\_

29.  $[1350 - (2040 + 6340)] + [(12.5)(4310 - 4470)]$  ----- 29= \_\_\_\_\_

30.  $(0.0456) \left[ \frac{0.0428}{(7.31 \times 10^7)} \right]$  ----- 30= \_\_\_\_\_

31.  $[2.66] \left[ \frac{1/0.302}{1/0.357} \right]$  ----- 31= \_\_\_\_\_

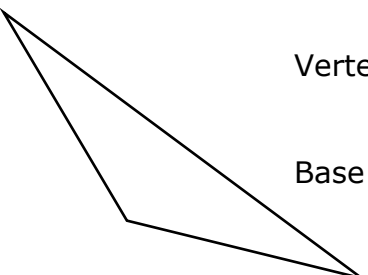
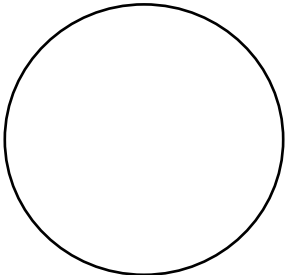
32.  $\frac{1}{0.00854} + \frac{1}{(\pi)(0.0206 - 0.0048)}$  ----- 32= \_\_\_\_\_

33.  $\frac{1}{449} - \frac{1}{(173 + 477)}$  ----- 33= \_\_\_\_\_

34.  $1/(0.00256 - 0.00313) - 1/(-5.19 \times 10^{-4})$  ----- 34= \_\_\_\_\_

35. Three people can complete a task in 8 hours. Calculate how many hours it would take 7 people to complete the task. ----- 35= \_\_\_\_\_ hrs.

36. Mason has a jar containing quarters and dimes worth \$23.45. If there are 63 less dimes than quarters, calculate the number of dimes. ----- 36= \_\_\_\_\_ INT.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>ISOSCELES TRIANGLE</b></p>  <p style="text-align: right;">Vertex Angle = <math>135^\circ</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;">Base Angle = ?</p> <p>37= _____</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>CIRCLE</b></p>  <p style="text-align: right;">Circumference = 2525</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Area = ?</p> <p>38= _____</p>
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39.  $(0.0652 + 0.21)^2(4.07 + 5.21)^2$  ----- 39= \_\_\_\_\_

40.  $\frac{(36600 + 56700)^3}{(0.256 - 0.218)^2}$  ----- 40= \_\_\_\_\_

41.  $\left[\frac{86.6}{7.42}\right](914 + 2840)^4$  ----- 41= \_\_\_\_\_

42.  $(1/\pi)\sqrt{\frac{0.0576 + 0.0445}{0.0117 - 0.00196}}$  ----- 42= \_\_\_\_\_

43.  $\sqrt{531 - 372 + 120} - \sqrt{91}$  ----- 43= \_\_\_\_\_

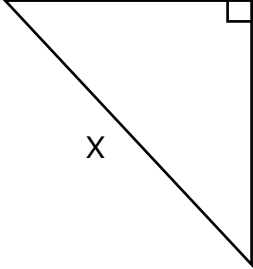
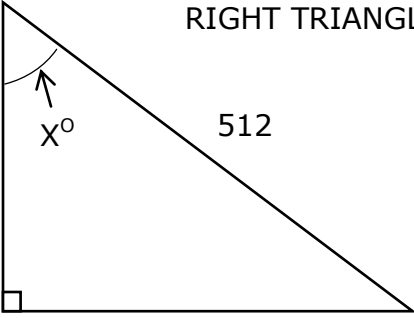
44.  $(1/(0.0261))(4750 - 855)^3$  ----- 44= \_\_\_\_\_

45.  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{239 + 42.1 + 84.6}} + \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3.41}}\right)^4$  ----- 45= \_\_\_\_\_

46.  $\left[3\sqrt{(1.11/1.1)(33600)}\right]^5$  ----- 46= \_\_\_\_\_

47. Calculate  $-3224^{832}$ . ----- 47= \_\_\_\_\_

48. The speed a car can achieve in 10 seconds is inversely proportional to its' weight. After 10 seconds, a car that weighs 2400 pounds can achieve a speed of 44 miles per hour. Calculate the speed of a 1600 pound car after 10 seconds. ----- 48= \_\_\_\_\_ mph.

<p style="text-align: center;">RIGHT TRIANGLE</p>  <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;"><math>X = ?</math></p> <p>49= _____</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">RIGHT TRIANGLE</p>  <p style="text-align: right; margin-right: 50px;"><math>X^\circ = ?</math></p> <p>50= _____</p>
---	--

51.  $\frac{(11.8 + 9.93 - 23.7)^3}{\sqrt{1760 + 2140 + 3080}}$  ----- 51= \_\_\_\_\_

52.  $\left[ \frac{100 + 125 + \sqrt{15600 + 30200}}{1130/6790} \right]^3$  ----- 52= \_\_\_\_\_

53.  $\left[ \frac{1650 - 1030 + \sqrt{1.36 \times 10^9 / 4240}}{-205 + 273} \right]^2$  ----- 53= \_\_\_\_\_

54.  $(36.3)^2 \sqrt{(19.3)/(1.21)} - (4080 + 1800)$  ----- 54= \_\_\_\_\_

55.  $1220 + \sqrt{(1160)(1630)} - (1360 + 2000)$  ----- 55= \_\_\_\_\_

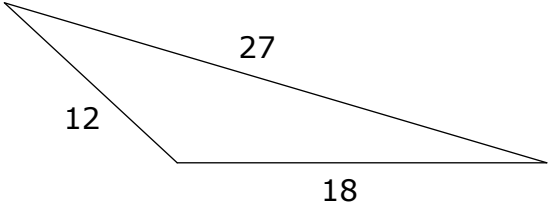
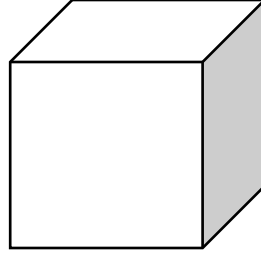
56.  $\sqrt{\frac{1/(54.9 - 11.5)}{(114)(14.1 + 104)^5}}$  ----- 56= \_\_\_\_\_

57.  $\sqrt{\frac{1/(1730 - 814)}{(207)(5.36 + 16.6)^3}}$  ----- 57= \_\_\_\_\_

58.  $\sqrt{\frac{(9.32)(164)}{(2760) + (2990)}} + 1/(0.876)^{-5}$  ----- 58= \_\_\_\_\_

59. Mandy is training by biking and running. She rides her bike to the park and then runs back home. The next day she runs to the park and rides her bike back home. She rides her bike at an average speed of 16.8 miles per hour and runs at an average speed of 9.2 miles per hour. The round trip takes 2 hours and 20 minutes. Calculate how far the park is from her house. ----- 59= \_\_\_\_\_ mi.

60. There are 73 marbles in a jar, all of the same size. There are 13 red, 31 white and 29 blue. Matt wants 2 blue marbles. Calculate the probability of drawing out 2 blue marbles. The first blue marble, when drawn, is not replaced. ----- 60= \_\_\_\_\_

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>SCALENE TRIANGLE</b></p>  <p>Area = ?</p> <p>61= _____</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>CUBE</b></p>  <p>Volume = 0.0501</p> <p>Surface Area = ?</p> <p>62= _____</p>
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63.  $\frac{17!/3!}{14! + 16!}$  ----- 63= \_\_\_\_\_

64.  $(8.65 - \pi)e^{0.884}$  ----- 64= \_\_\_\_\_

65. (deg)  $(188 - 308)\tan(214^\circ)$  ----- 65= \_\_\_\_\_

66. (deg)  $(5800 - 30100)\tan(98.4^\circ) + 65800$  ----- 66= \_\_\_\_\_

67. (deg)  $[20]\tan(123^\circ - 98.6^\circ)$  ----- 67= \_\_\_\_\_

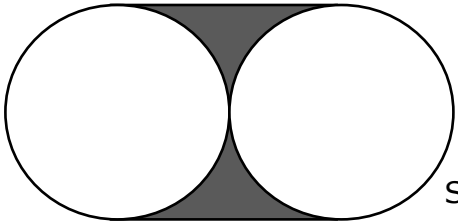
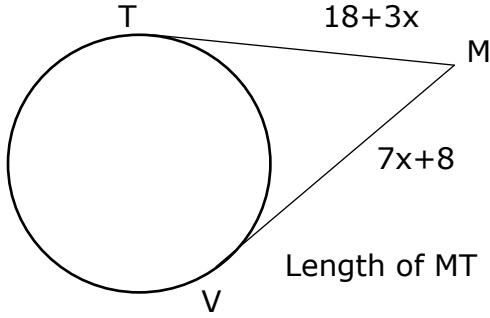
68. (deg)  $\frac{\sin(0.698^\circ) - \tan(0.698^\circ)}{\sin(0.698^\circ)}$  ----- 68= \_\_\_\_\_

69. (deg)  $\frac{\sin(8.51^\circ)}{\tan(8.51^\circ)}[31.2]$  ----- 69= \_\_\_\_\_

70.  $(846 - 338)^{0.176 - 0.285}$  ----- 70= \_\_\_\_\_

71. Calculate the length of a 21° 21 minute arc on a circle with a radius of 22.83 meters. Given 60 minutes = 1 degree. ----- 71= \_\_\_\_\_m

72. Calculate the value of the 21<sup>st</sup> pentagonal number. ----- 72= \_\_\_\_\_INT.

<p style="text-align: center;"><b>CONGRUENT CIRCLES</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;">Circumference of one circle = 332</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p style="text-align: right;">Shaded Area = ?</p> <p>73= _____</p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>CIRCLE AND TANGENT LINES</b></p> <div style="text-align: center;">  </div> <p style="text-align: right;">Length of MT = ?</p> <p>74= _____</p>
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75.  $\frac{\text{Log}(2.3 + 1.32)}{0.823 - 0.566}$  ----- 75= \_\_\_\_\_

76.  $\frac{\text{Log}(1.58 \times 10^7 + 1.01 \times 10^7)}{0.649}$  ----- 76= \_\_\_\_\_

77.  $(15700)_{10}^{(0.854)}(7.71)$  ----- 77= \_\_\_\_\_

78.  $\frac{\text{Log}[163 + (3.59)(48.3)]}{1.88 + \text{Log}[31 + 64.1]}$  ----- 78= \_\_\_\_\_

79.  $4 + 6 + 8 + \dots + 136$  ----- 79= \_\_\_\_\_

80.  $(0.689) - \frac{(0.689)^2}{2} + \frac{(0.689)^3}{3} - \frac{(0.689)^4}{4}$  ----- 80= \_\_\_\_\_



## 2017-2018 TMSCA Middle School Calculator Test 6 Answer Key

Page 1	Page 2	Page 3	Page 4
1 = 1780 = $1.78 \times 10^3$	14 = -259 = $-2.59 \times 10^2$	27 = $-1.60 \times 10^{-13}$	39 = 6.52 = $6.52 \times 10^0$
2 = 11.1 = $1.11 \times 10^1$	15 = $7.46 \times 10^{10}$	28 = $4.68 \times 10^{-10}$	40 = $5.62 \times 10^{17}$
3 = -4970 = $-4.97 \times 10^3$	16 = -60900 = $-6.09 \times 10^4$	29 = -9030 = $-9.03 \times 10^3$	41 = $2.32 \times 10^{15}$
4 = 21.1 = $2.11 \times 10^1$	17 = -0.861 = $-8.61 \times 10^{-1}$	30 = $2.67 \times 10^{-11}$	42 = 1.03 = $1.03 \times 10^0$
5 = -197 = $-1.97 \times 10^2$	18 = 0.545 = $5.45 \times 10^{-1}$	31 = 3.14 = $3.14 \times 10^0$	43 = 7.16 = $7.16 \times 10^0$
6 = -62.4 = $-6.24 \times 10^1$	19 = -2.68 = $-2.68 \times 10^0$	32 = 137 = $1.37 \times 10^2$	44 = $2.26 \times 10^{12}$
7 = 4.06 = $4.06 \times 10^0$	20 = 236 = $2.36 \times 10^2$	33 = 0.000689 = $6.89 \times 10^{-4}$	45 = 0.138 = $1.38 \times 10^{-1}$
8 = 9.52 = $9.52 \times 10^0$	21 = 3.65 = $3.65 \times 10^0$	34 = 172 = $1.72 \times 10^2$	46 = $3.55 \times 10^7$
9 = $2.15 \times 10^6$	22 = 12.2 = $1.22 \times 10^1$		47 = $-9.65 \times 10^{2918}$
10 = $6.17 \times 10^{10}$	23 = 1090 = $1.09 \times 10^3$		48 = 66.0 = $6.60 \times 10^1$
11 = 18.9 = $1.89 \times 10^1$	24 = 306 INT.	35 = 3.43 = $3.43 \times 10^0$	49 = 2200 = $2.20 \times 10^3$
12 = 240 = $2.40 \times 10^2$	25 = 7100 = $7.10 \times 10^3$	36 = 22 INT.	50 = 71.0 = $7.10 \times 10^1$
13 = 253 INT.	26 = 49.3 = $4.93 \times 10^1$	37 = 22.5 = $2.25 \times 10^1$	
		38 = 507000 = $5.07 \times 10^5$	

## 2017-2018 TMSCA Middle School Calculator Test 6 Answer Key

### Page 5

$$51 = -0.0915$$
$$= -9.15 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$52 = 1.84 \times 10^{10}$$

$$53 = 304$$
$$= 3.04 \times 10^2$$

$$54 = -617$$
$$= -6.17 \times 10^2$$

$$55 = -765$$
$$= -7.65 \times 10^2$$

$$56 = 9.38 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$57 = 2.23 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$58 = 1.03$$
$$= 1.03 \times 10^0$$

$$59 = 13.9$$
$$= 1.39 \times 10^1$$

$$60 = 0.154$$
$$= 1.54 \times 10^{-1}$$

### Page 6

$$61 = 86.1$$
$$= 8.61 \times 10^1$$

$$62 = 0.815$$
$$= 8.15 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$63 = 2.82$$
$$= 2.82 \times 10^0$$

$$64 = 13.3$$
$$= 1.33 \times 10^1$$

$$65 = -80.9$$
$$= -8.09 \times 10^1$$

$$66 = 230000$$
$$= 2.30 \times 10^5$$

$$67 = 9.07$$
$$= 9.07 \times 10^0$$

$$68 = -7.42 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$69 = 30.9$$
$$= 3.09 \times 10^1$$

$$70 = 0.507$$
$$= 5.07 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$71 = 8.51$$
$$= 8.51 \times 10^0$$

$$72 = 651 \text{ INT.}$$

### Page 7

$$73 = 2400$$
$$= 2.40 \times 10^3$$

$$74 = 25.5$$
$$= 2.55 \times 10^1$$

$$75 = 2.17$$
$$= 2.17 \times 10^0$$

$$76 = 11.4$$
$$= 1.14 \times 10^1$$

$$77 = 6.03 \times 10^{10}$$

$$78 = 0.655$$
$$= 6.55 \times 10^{-1}$$

$$79 = 4690$$
$$= 4.69 \times 10^3$$

$$80 = 0.504$$
$$= 5.04 \times 10^{-1}$$

TMSCA 17-18 MS CA Test #6 Solutions to Word and Geometry Problems

11. The two middle numbers are  $5\pi$  & 22. Median =  $\frac{5\pi+22}{2}$

12. 128 oz = 1 gallon  
 $(128)(5) \left(\frac{3}{8}\right)$

13. Degrees on interior of a polygon:  $180(n-2)$   
 A pentagon has  $180(5-2) = 540$  degrees.  
 $540 - (62+35+78+112)$

24.  $\frac{17 \text{ crickets}}{41 \text{ total}} = \frac{x}{738}$

25. The product of the LCM and GCF is just the product of the two numbers.  $222(32)$

26. Amount 3:  $x$   
 Amount 2:  $.15x$   
 Amount 1:  $.78(.65x) = .507x$   
 Amount 1 is  $(1-.507)$  less than Amount 3.  $.493 = 49.3\%$

35.  $3(8) = 7x$

36.  $D = Q - 63$  so  $Q = D + 63$   
 $10D + 25Q = 2345$  (cents)  
 Substitute  $D + 63$  for  $Q$   
 $10D + 25(D+63) = 2345$   
 Solve for  $D$ .

37. Base angle =  $\frac{180 - 135}{2}$

38.  $C = 2\pi r = 2525$   
 $r = \frac{2525}{2\pi}$   
 $A = \pi r^2 = \pi \left(\frac{2525}{2\pi}\right)^2$

47. Determine that the sign is negative. Then calculate  $3224^{832}$ .

832  3224

*(Look at the digits to the left of the decimal. This gives 2918 for the exponent. Write down 2918.) Then punch 2918*

*(This gives 9.65 E0 which is the first part of your answer. The answer is  $-9.65 \times 10^{2918}$ ). This is done on the HP RPN calculator.*

48.  $2400(44) = 1600x$

49.  $\sqrt{1441^2 + 1661^2} = x$

50.  $\frac{\sin x}{1} = \frac{484}{512}$   
 $x = \text{asin}\left(\frac{484}{512}\right)$

59.

	R	T	D
Bike	16.8	x	16.8x
Run	9.2	$\frac{7}{3} - x$	$9.2\left(\frac{7}{3} - x\right)$

$16.8x = 9.2\left(\frac{7}{3} - x\right)$   
 Solve for x. Distance is 16.8x

60.  $\left(\frac{29}{73}\right) \left(\frac{28}{72}\right)$

61.  $\sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$   
 where  $s = \frac{27+12+18}{2}$  and  $a = 27$ ,  $b = 12$  and  $c = 18$

62.  $v$  of cube =  $e^3 = .0501$   
 So  $e = \sqrt[3]{.0501}$   
 $SA = 6e^2 = 6\left(\sqrt[3]{.0501}\right)$

71.  $\frac{21^{21}}{360} (2\pi(22.83))$

72. Pentagonal number  
 $\frac{n(3n-1)}{2} = \frac{21(63-1)}{2}$

73. Circumf of one circle = 332  
 $332 = 2\pi r$  so  $r = \frac{332}{2\pi}$   
 Area of square - area of circle  
 $(2r)^2 - \pi r^2$   
 Substitute  $\frac{332}{2\pi}$  in for  $r$ .

74.  $18 + 3x = 7x + 8$   
 $x = 2 \frac{1}{2}$   
 $\overline{MT} = 18 + 3x = 18 + 3\left(2 \frac{1}{2}\right)$