

TMSCA MIDDLE SCHOOL MATHEMATICS TEST #6 © DECEMBER 3, 2016

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

1. About this test:

- A. You will be given 40 minutes to take this test.
- B. There are 50 problems on this test.

2. All answers must be written on the answer sheet/Scantron form/Chatsworth card provided. If you are using an answer sheet be sure to use **BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS**. Clean erasures are necessary for accurate grading on Scantrons and Chatsworth cards.

- 3. If you are using a Chatsworth or Scantron card, please follow the specific instructions given at your particular meet.
- 4. You may write anywhere on the test itself. You must write only answers on the answer sheet.
- 5. You may use additional scratch paper provided by the contest director.
- 6. All problems have **ONE** and **ONLY ONE** correct [BEST] answer. There is a penalty for all incorrect answers.

7. Calculators **MAY NOT** be used on this test.

8. All problems answered correctly are worth **FIVE** points. **TWO** points will be deducted for all problems answered incorrectly. No points will be added or subtracted for problems not answered.

9. In case of ties, percent accuracy will be used as a tie breaker.

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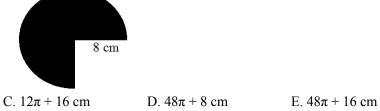
2016 – 2017 TMSCA Middle School Mathematics Test #6

1. Which expression be A. 84 + 172	low produces the largest p B. 148 + 176	perfect square? C. 287 + 2	D. 11 + 351	E. 144 + 324			
2. Clint buys a video ga	ume for \$34.78, a remote c	controller for \$28.99 and a	a battery charger for \$8.24	. Without tax, how much			
change will Clint get ba A. \$48.99	ack if he pays with \$100.0 B. \$27.99		D. \$28.00	E. \$32.00			
3. $24 \div \frac{2}{3} =$ A. 70	(nearest ten)						
A. 70	B. 30	C. 36	D. 28	E. 40			
4. Sophia and her friends Lilly, Megan, Shayna and Marcy, go to <i>Playland USA</i> . Sophia won the jackpot on one of the games and won 1,200 tickets. She wants to give each of her friends one-fifth of her tickets. Lilly wants to split her tickets amongst her three little sisters by giving them each one-third of her tickets. How many tickets will each of Lilly's sisters receive?A. 120B. 60C. 240D. 80E. 100							
5. Lewis calculates the and 145?	product of 321 and 145 to	be 46,575. How much o	ver was his calculation that	in the actual product of 321			
A. 25	B. 30	C. 35	D. 40	E. 45			
an apple or orange. If 4	40% of the lunches contain	n an apple, how many lun	ches contain an orange?	of chips, a drink and either			
A. 14	B. 17	C. 18	D. 21	E. 24			
7. What is the reciproca	al of $8\frac{17}{50}$ written as a decin						
A. 0.21	B. 0.18	C. 0.34	D. 0.12	E. 0.14			
8. Calculate the volume	e of the cylinder below, in	terms of π .	8. Calculate the volume of the cylinder below, in terms of π .				
			18 cm				
A. 1,209.6π cm ²	B. 2,640.6π cm ²	32.6 cm C. 3,120.6 π cm ²	D. 586.8 π cm ²	E. 1,173.6 π cm ²			
,	B. 2,640.6 π cm ² m of the distinct prime fac B. 40	C. 3,120.6 π cm ²		E. 1,173.6π cm ² E. 22			
9. What is twice the sur A. 20	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40	C. $3,120.6\pi$ cm ² stors of the number 560? C. 28	D. 586.8 π cm ²	E. 22			
9. What is twice the sur A. 2010. Sherri has a bag of chooses two marbles, w	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m vith replacement, and gets	C. $3,120.6\pi$ cm ² etors of the number 560? C. 28 harbles, 9 blue marbles and a red or green each time?	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What	E. 22 is the probability Sherri			
9. What is twice the surA. 2010. Sherri has a bag of	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m	C. $3,120.6\pi$ cm ² stors of the number 560? C. 28 harbles, 9 blue marbles and	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What	E. 22			
 9. What is twice the sur A. 20 10. Sherri has a bag of chooses two marbles, w A. 11/17 11. Kai is given the fou difference between the 	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m vith replacement, and gets B. $\frac{7}{11}$ r numbers, 171, 619, 118 largest sum and smallest s	C. 3,120.6 π cm ² tors of the number 560? C. 28 harbles, 9 blue marbles and a red or green each time? C. $\frac{7}{17}$ and 456. Using only two sum Kai can make of the f	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What D. $\frac{121}{289}$ numbers at a time to find four numbers?	E. 22 is the probability Sherri E. $\frac{15}{17}$ a sum, what is the largest			
 9. What is twice the sur A. 20 10. Sherri has a bag of chooses two marbles, w A. ¹¹/₁₇ 11. Kai is given the fou 	m of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m vith replacement, and gets B. $\frac{7}{11}$ r numbers, 171, 619, 118	C. 3,120.6 π cm ² stors of the number 560? C. 28 harbles, 9 blue marbles and a red or green each time? C. $\frac{7}{17}$ and 456. Using only two	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What D. $\frac{121}{289}$ numbers at a time to find	E. 22 is the probability Sherri E. $\frac{15}{17}$			
 9. What is twice the sur A. 20 10. Sherri has a bag of chooses two marbles, w A. 11/17 11. Kai is given the fou difference between the 	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m with replacement, and gets B. $\frac{7}{11}$ r numbers, 171, 619, 118 largest sum and smallest s B. 173	C. 3,120.6 π cm ² tors of the number 560? C. 28 harbles, 9 blue marbles and a red or green each time? C. $\frac{7}{17}$ and 456. Using only two sum Kai can make of the f	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What D. $\frac{121}{289}$ numbers at a time to find four numbers?	E. 22 is the probability Sherri E. $\frac{15}{17}$ a sum, what is the largest			
 9. What is twice the sur A. 20 10. Sherri has a bag of chooses two marbles, w A. 11/17 11. Kai is given the fou difference between the A. 1,075 12. What value is 40% A. 24 	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m vith replacement, and gets B. $\frac{7}{11}$ r numbers, 171, 619, 118 largest sum and smallest s B. 173 of 20% of ½ of 400?	C. 3,120.6 π cm ² etors of the number 560? C. 28 earbles, 9 blue marbles and a red or green each time? C. $\frac{7}{17}$ and 456. Using only two sum Kai can make of the f C. 786 C. 40	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What D. $\frac{121}{289}$ numbers at a time to find four numbers? D. 574 D. 32	E. 22 is the probability Sherri E. $\frac{15}{17}$ a sum, what is the largest E. 737			
9. What is twice the sur A. 20 10. Sherri has a bag of $\frac{1}{10}$ chooses two marbles, w A. $\frac{11}{17}$ 11. Kai is given the four difference between the A. 1,075 12. What value is 40% f A. 24 13. \overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$ a A. 42.6°	n of the distinct prime fac B. 40 14 red marbles, 8 green m 7 th replacement, and gets B. $\frac{7}{11}$ r numbers, 171, 619, 118 largest sum and smallest s B. 173 of 20% of ½ of 400? B. 16 nd $m \angle DBC = 23.7^{\circ}$. Wi	C. 3,120.6 π cm ² stors of the number 560? C. 28 harbles, 9 blue marbles and a red or green each time? C. $\frac{7}{17}$ and 456. Using only two sum Kai can make of the f C. 786 C. 40 hat is the measure of the c C. 47.6°	D. 586.8 π cm ² D. 14 d 3 yellow marbles. What D. $\frac{121}{289}$ numbers at a time to find four numbers? D. 574 D. 32 complement of $\angle ABC$? D. 78.15°	E. 22 is the probability Sherri E. $\frac{15}{17}$ a sum, what is the largest E. 737 E. 12			

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TMSCA 16-17 MSMA Test #6

15. \overline{KL} has endpoints $K(27, 11)$ and $L(23, 49)$. If point <i>L</i> is reflected across the <i>y</i> -axis to create point <i>M</i> , what is the sum of the coordinates of the midpoint of \overline{KM} ?				
A. 32	B. 55	C. 17	D. 23	E. 28
16. The area of two identical circles combined is 512π units ² . If a square has a side length equal to that of the diameter of one of the circles, what is the perimeter of the square?				
A. 64 units	B. 32 units	C. 128 units	D. 256 units	E. 144 units
17. On a number line, <i>X</i> What is the coordinate	X and Y are located at 16 a of Z?	nd 40, respectively. Z is	the midpoint of \overline{XY} and W	\overline{X} is the midpoint of \overline{XZ} .
A. 28	B. 12	C. 24	D. 26	E. 22
188 + (-6) + (-4) A. 124	$+(-2) + \dots + 24 = \B. 148$	C. 136	D. 130	E. 154
19. Using the examples	below, find the value of <i>i</i>	n – 13?		
	9 12 7	$15 \qquad 14 \\ 22 \\ 3 \\ 20.5 \qquad 4$	17 2 n 23	
A. 22	B. 23	C. 24.5	D. 19.5	E. 25
20. What is the sum of the five greatest prime numbers less than 100?A. 419B. 395C. 421D. 449E. 473				
21. (24 – 16)(24 + 16 A. MMMVV	5) =(Roman B. MMMVIII	numeral) C. CCCXX	D. CCCVIII	E. CCCII
22. If $n = 2^3 \cdot 683$, then A. 691	n find the value of the sum B. 25	a of the digits of n . C. 16	D. 19	E. 21
23. A normal animal cell has a diameter of 0.000000024 mm. If a bacteria cell has a radius half the length of a normal animal cell, what is the bacteria cell's length in scientific notation?				
A. 1.2×10^{-8}	B. 2.4×10^{-8}	C. 6×10^{-9}	D. 3×10^{-9}	E. 1.5×10^{-9}
24. In terms or π , what is the perimeter of the shaded region using the picture below?				



A. 12π cm

B. $12\pi + 8$ cm

25. A square has an area of 576 units². If the square has the exact same perimeter as an equilateral triangle, what is the side length of the equilateral triangle?

A. 16 units	B. 24 units	C. 36 units	D 32 units	E. 28 units
26. $A = 4x - 5$ and	B = 7x - 6. Find $6A - 3B$.			
A. 3 <i>x</i> − 12	B. $3x - 48$	C. $3x + 18$	D. 3 <i>x</i> − 18	E. $3x + 13$

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27. Using the picture below find the value of $P + Q$.				
		\leq	9	
A. 42 units	24 B. 30 units	C. 54 units	<i>Q</i> D. 48 units	E. 38 units
		<i>l Phone Innovations</i> can h ons could have during a tw		ive years. What is the
A. 1	B. 2	C. 3	D. 4	E. 5
29. What is the maximu A. 0	m number of intersections B. 1	s points created using only C. 2	y three lines? D. 3	E. 4
30. If sales tax on a \$16 A. \$10.50	6.00 t-shirt is \$1.32, how n B. \$14.50	nuch would the sales tax b C. \$18.50	e on a \$200.00 item? D. \$16.50	E. \$12.50
31. 45% of 24,500 is eq A. 11,025	ual to 20% of which num B. 21,025	ber? C. 55,125	D. 65,225	E. 42,025
	ates (-13, 19) and is reflected to the new coordinates A	ted over the <i>x</i> -axis and the 4?	en translated nine units up	and eighteen units to the
A. 247	B. 310	C868	D. 50	E. 148
33. Using the picture be	clow, \overrightarrow{BD} bisects $\angle ABC$. I	Find the measure of $\angle ABC$ $A = (4x - 5)^{\circ} D$ $(2x + 5)^{\circ}$	∑. ▶	
A. 15°	B. 5°	C. 25°	D. 45°	E. 30°
	e of the smallest angle in a	triangle if one angle mea	sure 100° and the other tw	vo angles of the triangle are
in a ratio of 7:9? A. 55°	B. 35°	C. 40°	D. 30°	E. 25°
35. 22 ₇ + 44 ₇ = A. 66	— ⁷ B. 106	C. 112	D. 111	E. 61
36. Find the value of $\frac{a+1}{2}$ A. 8	$\frac{b+1}{c}$, if a, b and c are three B. 2	e distinct positive whole no C. 10	umbers, where $c < b < a$ a D. 4	and $a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 121$. E. 6
37. If $f(x) = x^2 + 8$ and A. 22	and $g(x) = 14x - 23$, ther B. 187	find the value of $5f(-3)$ C. 141) – 2 <i>g</i> (–2). D. 119	E. 136
38. Chords <i>AB</i> and <i>CD</i> intersect in a circle at point <i>P</i> . If \overline{BP} has a measure of 3 units, \overline{CP} has a measure of 4 units and \overline{CD} has a measure of 13 units, what is the measure of \overline{AP} ? A. 10 units B. $17\frac{1}{3}$ units C. 15 units D. $13\frac{2}{3}$ units E. 12 units				
A. 10 units39. What is the positiveA. 2		eometric mean and arithme C. 14		E. 12 units48 and 12?E. 6

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40. Marco has a piece of wood measuring 70 inches long. He needs to cut the board into three pieces because he is making a workshop bench for his garage. The longest piece must be twice the length of the middle-sized piece, and the shortest piece must be 10 inches shorter than the middle sized piece. How long must the longest piece of wood be?

A.
$$3\frac{1}{3}$$
 feet
 B. 40 feet
 C. 20 feet
 D. $4\frac{1}{2}$ feet
 E. $\frac{5}{6}$ feet

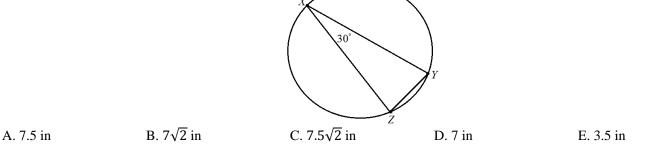
 41. Find the value of $7^x + 8^y$ when $7^{x+2} = 294$ and $8^{y+2} = 448$.
 A. 13
 B. 15
 C. 17
 D. 41
 E. 1

42. Write the compound inequality that matches the graph below.

A.
$$16 < x \le 19$$
B. $16 < x < 19$ C. $16 \ge x > 19$ D. $16 \ge x < 19$ E. $16 \le x < 19$ A. $16 < x \le 19$ B. $16 < x < 19$ C. $16 \ge x > 19$ D. $16 \ge x < 19$

43. If $x + \frac{1}{x} = 11$, then what is the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$? A. 119 B. 121 C. 123 D. 22 E. $\frac{11\pm 3\sqrt{13}}{2}$

44. In the picture below, X, Y and Z are points on the circumference of a circle of radius 7 inches and $m \angle ZXY = 30^{\circ}$. Find the length of chord YZ.



45. The cell phone *Galactic Star* I has a current value of \$160. With newer models coming out, the *Galactic Star* I's value decreases by the same percentage every year. After one year, it will be worth \$128. What will the *Galactic Star* I's value be after three years?

A. \$76.54 B. \$92.42 C. \$84.96 D. \$81.92 E. \$77.82

46. Caleb has a circle that has an equation of $(x - 4)^2 + (y - 3)^2 = 324$. He wants to color his circle all red except for a smaller circle drawn inside the larger that has a diameter of 6 units. What is the area of the region Caleb will color red? A. $288\pi units^2$ B. $318\pi units^2$ C. $315\pi units^2$ D. $312\pi units^2$ E. $333\pi units^2$

47. What is the equation of the line that passes through the points (2, -5) and (24, 28)? A. 3x + 2y = 16 B. 3x - 2y = 16 C. 3x - 2y = -16 D. -3x + 2y = 16 E. -3x - 2y = -16

 48. Find the sum of the roots of the equation $28x - 2x^2 = 6x - 12$.

 A. -6
 B. 6
 C. 11
 D. -2
 E. -11

49. Two cards are drawn from a standard deck of cards, without replacement. What is the probability of drawing a king of hearts on the first draw and then an even number on the second draw?

A.
$$\frac{5}{663}$$
 B. $\frac{5}{2,652}$ C. $\frac{5}{676}$ D. $\frac{5}{1,326}$ E. $\frac{5}{169}$

50. A chemist needs to mix 20 Liters of 40% acid solution with a certain amount of 70% acid solution to create a mixture that is 50% acid. How many Liters of the 70% acid solution should the chemist use for the desired mixture? A. 20 Liters B. 40 Liters C. 30 Liters D. 10 Liters E. 25 Liters

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1. B	18. C	35. A
2. D	19. A	36. A
3. E	20. C	37. B
4. D	21. C	38. E
5. B	22. D	39. E
6. D	23. C	40. A
7. D	24. C	41. A
8. B	25. D	42. E
9. C	26. A	43. A
10. D	27. E	44. D
11. C	28. E	45. D
12. B	29. D	46. C
13. A	30. D	47. B
14. C	31. C	48. C
15. A	32. B	49. A
16. C	33. E	50. D
17. A	34. B	

9. The prime factorization of 560 is $2^4 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$. The sum of the distinct prime numbers is 2 + 5 + 7 = 14. Twice 14 is equal to 28.

12. 40% of 20% of $\frac{1}{2}$ of 400 = (0.4)(0.2)(0.5)(200) = 16.

18. To find the sum of a sequence of numbers, use the formula $\frac{N(F+L)}{2}$, where *N* equals the number of terms, *F* equals the first term and *L* equals the last term. Using $-8 + (-6) + (-4) + (-2) + \dots + 24$, we can count there are 17 terms and substitute to find that $\frac{17(-8+24)}{2} = 136$.

26. If A = 4x - 5 and B = 7x - 6, then 6A - 3B = 6(4x - 5) - 3(7x - 6) = 24x - 30 - 21x + 18 = 3x - 12.

30. Create a proportion and solve. $\frac{1.32}{16} = \frac{x}{200}$. Cross multiply and 16x = 264. Divide by 16 and x = 16.5. On an item costing \$200, there will be a \$16.50 tax.

34. A triangle has 180°. We subtract the given 100° from 180° and there are 80° remaining. The two angles are in a ratio of 7:9. Let *x* be a constant and then we have the equation 7x + 9x = 80. This gives us 16x = 80. Dividing by 16 and we get x = 5. The smallest angle is 7x, so $7(5) = 35^{\circ}$.

41. $7^{x+2} = 294$, so using exponent rules, $7^x \cdot 7^2 = 294$. Now we see that $7^x \cdot 49 = 294$ and dividing both sides by 49 and we get $7^x = 6$. $8^{y+2} = 448$, so $8^y \cdot 8^2 = 448$ and solving $8^y \cdot 64 = 448$ gives us $8^y = 7$. Therefore, $7^x + 8^y = 6 + 7 = 13$.

43. We are given $x + \frac{1}{x} = 11$ and asked to find the value of $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$. Square both sides of $x + \frac{1}{x} = 11$ and we see that $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = 11^2$. $11^2 = 121$ and $\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 = \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)\left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right) = x^2 + \frac{x}{x} + \frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$. We can rewrite $x^2 + \frac{x}{x} + \frac{x}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}$ as $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} + 2 = 121$. Subtract 2 from both sides and we see that $x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2} = 119$.

49. A standard deck of cards has 52 cards, 4 suits with 13 different cards in each suit. The probability of drawing a king of hearts on the first draw is $\frac{1}{52}$. There are 20 even numbered cards in a standard deck, so the probability of drawing an even numbered card on the second draw, without replacement, is $\frac{20}{51}$. Thus the probability of getting a king of hearts on the first draw and then an even number, without replacement, in that order is $\frac{1}{52} \cdot \frac{20}{51} = \frac{5}{663}$.

50. Since we are mixing two amounts to get a third we have a + b = c. Let *a* be equal to the 20 Liters of 40% acid, *b* be equal to our unknown amount of 70% acid and *c* be equal to our total amount. Now we have 20(0.4) + 0.7b = 0.5(20 + b). Our equation simplifies to 8 + 0.7b = 10 + 0.5b. Subtract 0.5*b* from both sides and subtract 8 from both sides and we get 2 = 0.2b. Dividing by 0.2 ad b = 10 Liters.

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