

TMSCA MIDDLE SCHOOL MATHEMATICS TEST #9 © JANUARY 26, 2019

GENERAL DIRECTIONS

1. About this test:

- A. You will be given 40 minutes to take this test.
- B. There are 50 problems on this test.

2. All answers must be written on the answer sheet/Scantron form/Chatsworth card provided. If you are using an answer sheet be sure to use **BLOCK CAPITAL LETTERS**. Clean erasures are necessary for accurate grading on Scantrons and Chatsworth cards.

- 3. If you are using a Chatsworth or Scantron card, please follow the specific instructions given at your particular meet.
- 4. You may write anywhere on the test itself. You must write only answers on the answer sheet.
- 5. You may use additional scratch paper provided by the contest director.
- 6. All problems have **ONE** and **ONLY ONE** correct [BEST] answer. There is a penalty for all incorrect answers.

7. Calculators <u>MAY NOT</u> be used on this test.

8. All problems answered correctly are worth **FIVE** points. **TWO** points will be deducted for all problems answered incorrectly. No points will be added or subtracted for problems not answered.

9. In case of ties, percent accuracy will be used as a tie breaker.

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1. $85\frac{1}{5} - 16\frac{3}{4} = $					
A. $69\frac{2}{9}$	B. $68\frac{2}{9}$	C. $68\frac{9}{20}$	D. $69\frac{9}{20}$	E. $68\frac{7}{9}$	
2. 45.65 + 19.008 + 117. A. 181.77	107 = (neare B. 180.765	c. 181.7	D. 180.77	E. 181.8	
3. 4.14 × 7.4 = A. 30.736	B. 30.636	C. 30.536	D. 30.436	E. 29.836	
$4.\frac{11}{4}\div\frac{3}{5}\div\frac{1}{2} = _$					
A. $9\frac{5}{6}$	B. $9\frac{1}{6}$	C. $9\frac{1}{3}$	D. $8\frac{2}{3}$	E. $8\frac{5}{6}$	
5. What is the sum of the A. 1,404	e GCF and LCM of the nu B. 1,406	mbers 54 and 52? C. 2,810	D. 2,806	E. 1,604	
6. Simplify: A. −1	$6^{0} + 5^{0}(14 - 22) - (-B\frac{1}{2})$	8) ¹ C. ½	D. 1	E. 6	
$7.\frac{11}{16} = \underline{\qquad} \%$ A. 68.25	B. 68.5	C. 68.75	D. 67.25	E. 67.75	
8. If eight figurines cost A. \$179.08	\$130.24, how much will e B. \$168.08	eleven figurines cost? C. \$177.08	D. \$178.18	E. \$178.28	
9. 2 square feet = A. 288	square inches B. 72	C. 144	D. 1,296	E. 216	
10. The number 1,200 ha	as how many positive integ B. 30	gral factors? C. 36	D. 8	E. 16	
11. What is the value of the circle below?					
	•	X ⁺¹⁹⁼³³			
	•	$\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{\Delta} + 27 = 81$			
$\mathbf{X} + \mathbf{\Delta} + \mathbf{O} = 211$					
A. 143	B. 139	C. 157	D. 161	E. 155	
12. Abbey, Becky, Candice, Dianne and Emily each have different amounts of bows. Abbey and Becky have more than Emily. Neither Abbey nor Dianne has as many bows as Candice. Dianne has more than Emily, but less than Abbey. Who has the least					
A. Abbey	B. Becky	C. Candice	D. Dianne	E. Emily	

13. What is the positive difference of the median and upper quartile of the set of numbers 33, 34, 38, 39, 41, 45, 53, 104?A. 12B. 8C. 11D. 9E. 10

14. 12,900,000 mm =	km			
A. 12.9	B. 129	C. 1.29	D. 1,290	E. 0.129

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A. 60 cm^2

B. 120 cm^2

15. $0.0000056 =$ A. 5.6×10^{-5}	(scientific notation B. 5.6×10^{-6}) C. 5.6 × 10 ⁵	D. 5.6×10^{6}	E. 56 × 10^{-5}
16. Solve: $-\frac{w}{7} \ge \frac{1}{7}$	-14 R w > 2	C = 2	D w > 09	$E_{\rm W} < 00$
A. $W \geq -2$	$B. W \ge 2$	$C. W \leq 2$	$D. W \ge 90$	E. $W \leq 90$
17. 175% ≠ A. 1.75	B. $\frac{14}{8}$	C. $1\frac{3}{4}$	D. 17.5	E. $\frac{7}{4}$
18. What is the value of A. 76	the 8 th term of the sequend B. 123	ce 4, 7, 11, 18, 29,? C. 156	D. 199	E. 119
19. If $a J b = 4ab - a - A$. $\frac{3}{8}$	- <i>b</i> , what is the value of $\frac{1}{2}$. B. $\frac{5}{8}$	² J ³ / ₄ ? C. ¹ / ₄	D½	E ¹ / ₈
20. The product of two c	consecutive positive odd in	ntegers is 1,023. What is	the sum of the two integer	rs?
A. 60	B. 62	C. 68	D. 66	E. 64
21. Thirty percent of the registered cyclists did not finish the race due to bicycle malfunctions. If 308 registered cyclists finished the race, how many registered cyclists were there?				
A. 460	B. 420	C. 480	D. 440	E. 500
22. The sum of three cor A. 484	nsecutive positive integers B. 529	is 66. What is the produc C. 506	ct of the largest and smalle D. 483	est of the integers? E. 462
23. What is $0.6\overline{54}$ expre	ssed as a fraction?			
A. $\frac{23}{44}$	B. $\frac{19}{37}$	C. $\frac{42}{73}$	D. $\frac{36}{55}$	E. $\frac{101}{211}$
24 Which formula gives	the n^{th} term of the seque	nce? 4 10 18 28		
A. $n^3 + 3$	B. $n^2 + 3n$	C. $2n^2 + 2$	D. $2 - n^2$	E. 4 <i>n</i> – 5
$25 (2n^3)^2 (3n^4)^2 =$				
A. $36n^{14}$	B. 24 <i>n</i> ¹⁴	C. 24 <i>n</i> ²⁵	D. 36 <i>n</i> ²⁵	E. 144 <i>n</i> ¹⁰
26. If the first term of an arithmetic sequence is 19 and the common difference is 17, what is the value of the 8^{th} term of the arithmetic sequence?				
A. 97	B. 155	C. 138	D. 121	E. 114
27. At the local clothing store, a specific shirt is priced at \$24.00. The next week, the store owner puts the shirt on sale for 25% off. A week afterwards, the store owner notices the shirt still has not sold so she marks the shirt for one-half off the already reduced price. What is the final price of the shirt?				
A. \$18.00	B. \$12.00	C. \$16.00	D. \$9.00	E. \$6.00
28. What is the lateral su	urface area of the triangula	ur prism?		
		12 cm	n	

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C. 456 cm^2

D. 420 cm^2

E. 480 cm^2

A. y = -2

B. *x* = 1

39. What is the product of the solutions to the equation $\sqrt{9y} = y$? A. 0 B. 9 C. 81

29. A rectangle has a length of 14 cm and a width of 32 cm. A square has a perimeter of 72 cm. How many square centimeters larger is the area of the rectangle than the area of the square?				
A. 148 cm^2	B. 20 cm^2	C. 96 cm^2	D. 112 cm^2	E. 124 cm^2
30. 12 ₅ × 21 ₅ = A. 1221	5 B. 302	C. 212	D. 142	E. 232
31. If $h(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5}{x}$, which	ch of the following is true?	?		
A. $h(-10) = 9.5$	B. $h(-5) = -4$	C. $h(-1) = -4$	D. $h(5) = -4$	E. $h(6) = 34$
32. How many zeros doo A. 3	es the product of 24 ² and B. 4	15 ³ end with? C. 5	D. 6	E. 2
33. What is the growth r	ate of the exponential grov	wth function $y = \left(\frac{2}{2}\right) \left(\frac{13}{2}\right)$	x ?	
A. 360%	B. 160%	C. 260%	D. 66. 6%	E. 166.6%
34. What is the value of A. 110.5	the mean absolute deviation B. 8.75	on of the numbers 112, 13 C. 10.5	35, 101 and 96? D. 9.5	E. 12.5
35. Paul built a rectangu while using the same fer A. 0 yards ²	lar fence 60 yards long by nce, Paul changed the shap B. 250 yards ²	20 yards wide for his pur be to a square. By how ma C. 300 yards ²	npkin patch. To make the any square yards is the put D. 400 yards ²	e pumpkin patch larger, mpkin patch enlarged? E. 500 yards ²
36. Which of the follow: A. $2x - 7$	ing is a linear factor of the B. $3x + 5$	e quadratic equation $0 = 6$ C. $3x + 7$	$x^{2} + x - 35?$ D. $2x - 5$	E. 3 <i>x</i> – 7
37. James weighs 120 pounds and is sitting on a seesaw 9 feet from the middle. Walter weighs 150 pounds and is sitting on the opposite side of the seesaw as James. How far from the middle of the seesaw must Walter sit to balance the seesaw?				
A. 6.8 feet	B. 9.6 feet	C. 8.4 feet	D. 7.2 feet	E. 8.6 feet
38. What is the equation of the horizontal asymptote of the exponential function graphed below? $\int_{y}^{y} \int_{y}^{y}$				
	······			

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C. x = -2

D. y = 0

D. 18

E. *y* = 1

E. 3

40. The vertex form quadratic equation $y = \frac{1}{2}(6x - 4)^2 + 1$ is written as $y = 18x^2 - 24x + C$ in standard form. What is the value of *C*? A. 17 B. -15 C. 9 D. -3 E. 5

41. Square *ABCD* has vertices located at (-8, 3), (-1, 3), (-1, -4), and (-8, -4). What is the measure of one of the diagonals of square *ABCD*?

A. 7 unitsB. $7\sqrt{3}$ unitsC. 14 unitsD. $14\sqrt{3}$ unitsE. $7\sqrt{2}$ units

42. Harden correctly changes the circle with a general form equation of $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 4y = 51$ into its center-radius form. Which equation does Harden write down?

A. $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 64$ D. $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 25$ B. $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 49$ E. $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 64$ E. $(x - 3)^2 + (y + 2)^2 = 49$

43. Which of the following is equivalent to $\log_5(\sqrt{7})$?

A. $2 \log_5 7$ B. $\frac{\log_5 7}{\log_5 2}$ C. $\frac{\log_5 7}{2}$ D. $\log_5 \left(\frac{7}{2}\right)$ E. $\log_5 \left(\frac{2}{7}\right)$

44. In the circle below, MN = 16 cm and $m \angle XYZ = 45^{\circ}$. If XY = YZ, what is the length of minor arc XZ, in terms of π ?



A. $120\sqrt{3}$ cm² B. $50\sqrt{6}$ cm² C. $30\sqrt{2} + 10\sqrt{6}$ cm² D. $200\sqrt{2}$ cm² E. $100\sqrt{3}$ cm²

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1. C	18. B	35. D
2. E	19. C	36. E
3. B	20. E	37. D
4. B	21. D	38. A
5. B	22. D	39. A
6. D	23. D	40. C
7. C	24. B	41. E
8. A	25. A	42. A
9. A	26. C	43. C
10. B	27. D	44. A
11. C	28. D	45. C
12. E	29. E	46. D
13. D	30. B	47. B
14. A	31. B	48. A
15. B	32. A	49. E
16. E	33. B	50. E
17. D	34. E	

9. If 1 square foot = 144 square inches, 2 square feet = 2(144) = 288 square inches.

19. If a = 4ab - a - b, then $\frac{1}{2} = \frac{3}{4} = 4(\frac{1}{2})(\frac{3}{4}) - \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{2}{2} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{4}{4} - \frac{3}{4} = \frac{1}{4}$.

32. $24 = 2^3 \cdot 3$, so $24^2 = (2^3 \cdot 3)^2 = 2^6 \cdot 3^2$. $15 = 3 \cdot 5$, so $15^3 = (3 \cdot 5)^3 = 3^3 \cdot 5^3$. Thus, $24^2 \cdot 15^3 = 2^6 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5^3 = 2^6 \cdot 3^5 \cdot 5^3$. Since the product has 3 pairs of $2 \cdot 5$, the product will end with 3 zeros.

35. If Paul has a rectangular fence 60 yards by 20 yards, then he has 160 yards of fence. To make this a square, 160 divided by 4 is 40 yards. Since 60 yards by 20 yards gives a field with an area of 1,200 yards² and a 40 yards by 40 yards field gives an area of 1,600 yards², the newly formed pumpkin patch is enlarged by 1,600 - 1,200 = 400 yards².

39. First square both sides of $\sqrt{9y} = y$ to get $(\sqrt{9y})^2 = y^2 \rightarrow 9y = y^2$. Subtract 9y from both sides to get $y^2 - 9y = 0$. Factor to get y(y - 9) = 0. Set each factor equal to 0 and solve, which gives us y = 0 and y - 9 = 0, so y = 0 and 9. The product of 0 and 9 is then 9(0) = 0.

40. First square the parentheses, so $y = \frac{1}{2}(6x - 4)^2 + 1$ becomes $y = \frac{1}{2}(36x^2 - 48x + 16) + 1$. Now distribute to get $y = 18x^2 - 24x + 8 + 1$. Finally, simplify to get $y = 18x^2 - 24x + 9$. Therefore, if $y = \frac{1}{2}(6x - 4)^2 + 1$ becomes $y = 18x^2 - 24x + C$, then C = 9.

42. Rewrite $x^2 + y^2 + 6x - 4y = 51$ as $x^2 + 6x + y^2 - 4y = 51$. Complete the square with each variable as $x^2 + 6x + ___ + y^2 - 4y + __ = 51$. When completing the square, this equation becomes $x^2 + 6x + 9 + y^2 - 4y + 4 = 51 + 9 + 4$, and then simplify to get $(x + 3)^2 + (y - 2)^2 = 64$.

43. $\log_5(\sqrt{7})$ can be rewritten as $\log_5(7^{\frac{1}{2}})$. Since $\log_a(b^x) = x \cdot \log_a b$, $\log_5(7^{\frac{1}{2}}) = \frac{1}{2}\log_5 7$ and $\frac{1}{2}\log_5 7$ can be rewritten as $\frac{1}{2}\log_5 7 = \frac{\log_5 7}{2}$.

44. Let *O* be the center of the circle. If $m \angle XYZ = 45^\circ$, then measure of arc $XY = 90^\circ$. The central angle equals the measure of its arc, so $m \angle XOZ = 90^\circ$. Since we are given MN = 16 cm, then the circumference of the circle is $C = \pi d = 16\pi$. Therefore, the length of minor arc $XZ = \frac{1}{4}(16\pi) = 4\pi$ cm.

45. First, factor the numerator. $\frac{n^2-4}{n-2} = \frac{(n+2)(n-2)}{n-2}$. Simplify and we are left with $\frac{(n+2)(n-2)}{n-2} = n+2$.

47. If points are collinear, they lie on the same line. If points line on the same line, the slope between any two points on that line will be the same. We are given then points (-11, 21), (-5, 12) and (19, y). The slope between the first pair of points is $\frac{21-12}{-11+5} = -\frac{3}{2}$. Now, use either of the first pair of points and the last point to write an equation and solve. $\frac{y-12}{19+5} = -\frac{3}{2} \rightarrow \frac{y-12}{24} = -\frac{3}{2}$. Cross multiply to get -72 = 2y - 24. Add 24 to both sides to get -48 = 2y. Divide by sides by 2 and $y = \frac{-48}{2} = -24$.